SEPARATE ATTACHMENT TO CLAUSE NO. 5 ORDINARY MEETING – 26 MAY 2010



Planning Scheme for the Douglas Shire - Port Douglas Waterfront Amendment

Amendment Reference 2010 No. 1

1.6.3 Planning Areas

The Planning Scheme divides the Shire into nine eleven Planning Areas that cover the entire Planning Scheme Area. The relevant Planning Areas for each Locality are shown on the Locality Map/s for each Locality.

The nine eleven Planning Areas are:

- Rural
- Rural Settlement
- Residential 1
- Residential 2
- Tourist and Residential
- Commercial
- Industry
- Community and Recreational Facilities
- Conservation
- Port Douglas Waterfront North
- Port Douglas Waterfront South.

1.6.6 Codes

The Planning Scheme includes five different types of Codes. The Codes are:

- Locality Codes
- Planning Area Codes
- Overlay Codes
- Land Use Codes
- General Codes.

The Codes set out the development requirements for development in the Shire. Where there is any inconsistency between the requirements of the applicable Codes, any Land Use Code takes precedence.

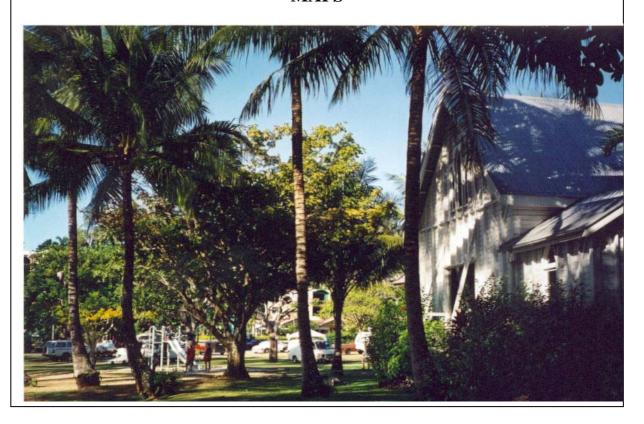
Where there is an inconsistency or conflict between the requirements of the applicable codes for development, the inconsistency or conflict is to be resolved as follows:-

- The achievement of the purpose and performance criteria of an Overlay Code is a priority development outcome and must be demonstrated. Where there is a true conflict between achievement of the purpose or performance criteria of an Overlay Code and the purpose or performance criteria of other applicable codes, the applicant must demonstrate how the development can achieve the purpose and performance criteria of the applicable Overlay Code.
- The achievement of the purpose and performance criteria of a Locality Code is a preferred development outcome where there is a true conflict between the requirements of a Locality Area Code and the achievement of the purpose or performance criteria of an applicable Planning Area Code or a Land Use Code.
- The achievement of the purpose and performance criteria of a Planning Area Code is a preferred development outcome where there is a true conflict between the requirements of a Planning Area Code and the achievement of the purpose or performance criteria of an applicable Land Use Code.
- The achievement of the purpose and performance criteria of a Land Use Code is a preferred development outcome where there is a true conflict between the requirements of a Land Use Code and the achievement of the purpose or performance criteria of an applicable General Code.



PORT DOUGLAS & ENVIRONS LOCALITY

TABLES OF ASSESSMENT &
MAPS



		PO	RT	DOU	JGL	AS A	AND	EN	VIR	ONS	L	OCA:	LITY	Y – 7	ΓAΒΙ	LE 1							
DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITY PLANNING AREA										GI	U IDE T	ΓΟ APPLICABILITY O	F CO	DES									
MATERIAL CHANGE OF USE				PL	ANNI	NG A	KEA							70	ERLAY	Y	LAND USE CODE			GE	NERA	L	
DEFINED LAND USE	Rural	Residential 1	Residential 2	Fourist & Residential	Commercial	Industry	Community & Recreational Facilities	Conservation	Port Douglas Waterfront North	Port Douglas Waterfront South		Port Douglas & Environs Locality Code	Planning Area Code	Acid Sulfate Soil	Cultural Heritage and Valuable Sites	Natural Hazards			Design & Siting of Advertising Devices	Filling and Excavation	Landscaping	Natural Areas and Scenic Amenity	Vehicle Parking and Access
Aircraft Landing Facility - Commercial	$\frac{1}{I}$	I	I	I	I		I	ī	T	I	1 1	A	A	0	0	O	Yes	- '	A	A	A	*A	A
Aquaculture	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	<u>C</u>	I		A	Α	О	О	О	*Yes		Α	A	A	*A	Α
Business Facilities – using an existing Building	T	Ţ	Ţ	Ţ	S	Т	Ţ	Ţ	S	т		AA	AA	00	OO	O	No		AA		AA	*A	
Business Facilities – not using an existing Building		T		Ĭ	C	Ĭ		Ţ	C	ī		AA	A	0	0	0	No	- 1	AA		AA	*A	A
Camping Ground	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	Ī	1 1	A	A	0	0	O	Yes	-	A	A	A	*A	Α
Caravan Park	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I		A	A	0	0	O	Yes	1	A	A	A	*A	A
Caretaker's Residence	С	I	I	I	С	С	С	I	S	C		A	Α	О	О	O	Yes	1		Α	A	*A	Α
Car Park	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	C	I		A	Α	О	О	O	Yes	1	Α	Α	A	*A	A
Cemetery & Crematorium	I	I	I	I	I	I	С	I	I	I		A	Α	О	О	O	No		Α	Α	A	*A	A
Child Care Centre	I	* I	I	I	С	I	С	I	С	I		A	A	0	О	O	Yes	1	A	A	A	*A	A
Display Facilities	I	I	I	I	I	ı	I	I	C	ī		Α	Α	0	О	O	Yes		Α	Α	Α	*A	Α
Educational Establishment	Ţ	I	I	I	I	I	Ţ	I	C	T	1 1	A	A	0	0	O	No		A	A	A	*A	A
Extractive Industry	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	ī	Ī	1 1	A	A	0	0	0	Yes	1	A	A	A	*A	A
Health Facility	I	I	I	I	С	I	Ι	I	C	Ī	1 1	Α	Α	0	О	O	No		Α	Α	A	*A	Α
Holiday Accommodation	I	I	I	С	С	I		I	С	Ī	1 1	A		0	0	O	**Yes			A	A	*A	A
Home Activity	I	С	С	С	С	I	Ι	I	S	ī		Α	Α	О	О	O	Yes	1	Α		Α	*A	Α
Home Based Business	Ţ	С	С	С	С	ı	I	ī	C	ī	1 1	Α	A	0	О	O	Yes		Α	Α	A	*A	A
Home Industry	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	C	Ī	1 1	A	A	0	0	O	No	1		A	A	*A	
House	S	* S	S	S	I	I	I	I	Ī	Ī		A	A	00	00	O O	Yes			AA	AA	*A	$ _{\mathbf{A}}$
Indoor Sports & Entertainment	I	I	I	I	C	I	<u>C</u>	I	<u>C</u>	<u>I</u>		A	Α	О	О	O	No		Α	A	A	*A	A
Industry	I	I	I	I	I	<u>C</u>	I	I	I	I		A	Α	О	О	O	No		A	A	A	*A	A
Intensive Animal Husbandry	С	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I		A	Α	О	О	O	*Yes		Α	A	A	*A	A
Interpretive Facility	I	I	I	I	I	I	С	I	<u>s</u>	I		A	A	О	О	О	Yes		A	A	A	*A	A
Marina Marina	<u>I</u>	I	I	Ī	I	I	<u>I</u>	I	<u>C</u>	Ī		<u>A</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	No		A	A	A	*A	A
Multi-Unit Housing	I	* I	С	С	I	I	I	I	<u>C</u>	Ī		A	A	О	О	О	**Yes		A	Α	A	*A	A
Off Premises Advertising Device	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	Ī		A	Α	О	О	О	No		Α		A	*A	
Outdoor Sport & Recreation	I	I	I	I	I	I	С	I	<u>C</u>	<u>I</u>		A	Α	О	О	О	No		Α	Α	A	*A	A

NOTE: Self Assessable development converts to Code Assessable development if the development cannot comply in full with the applicable Acceptable Solutions in any relevant Code

KEY

E	Exempt
S	Self Assessable
*S	Self Assessable, except when included in Special Management Area 1 on the Locality Map and then Code Assessable
С	Code Assessable
I	Impact Assessable
*I	Impact Assessable except when included in Special Management Area 1 on the Locality Map and then Impact Assessable (Inconsistent)
I	Impact Assessable (Inconsistent)
A	The Code is Applicable
*A	If the circumstances described in the Applicability of the Code are triggered, the Code applies
AA	The Code is applicable for all development EXCEPT Self Assessable development
•	
O	Refer to the Overlay Maps for the Port Douglas and Environs Locality. If the site is affected by an Overlay and if the circumstances described in the Applicability of the relevant Code are triggered, the Code for the Overlay applies
00	The Code is applicable for all development EXCEPT Self Assessable development
*	See – Aquaculture & Intensive Animal
	Husbandry Code

See – Multi-Unit Housing/Holiday Accommodation/Retirement Facility Code

August, 2006

		PO	RT :	DOU	JGL	AS A	ND	EN	VIR	ONS	LC)CA	LITY	Y - T	ΓAB	LE 1							
DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITY				DI	A NINII	NIC A	DEA								G	UIDE	TO A	APPLICABILITY OF (CODES	5			
MATERIAL CHANGE OF USE				PL	ANNI	ING A	KEA				ľ			OV	ERLA	Y		LAND USE CODE		G	ENERA	L	
DEFINED LAND USE	Rural	Residential 1	Residential 2	Tourist & Residential	Commercial	Industry	Community & Recreational Facilities	Conservation	Port Douglas Waterfront North	Port Douglas Waterfront South		Port Douglas & Environs Locality Code	Planning Area Code	Acid Sulfate Soil	Cultural Heritage and Valuable Sites	Natural Hazards			Design & Siting of Advertising Devices	Filling and Excavation	Landscaping	Natural Areas and Scenic Amenity	Vehicle Parking and Access
Outstation/Seasonal Camp	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	Ī	Ī		A	A	0	0	O		No		A	A	*A	A
Park & Open Space	Е	Е	Е	Е	E	Е	Е	Е	E	E												*A	
Place of Assembly	I	* I	I	I	I	I	I	I	<u>C</u>	Ī		A	A	О	О	О		No	A	A	A	*A	A
Primary Industry	S	I	I	I	Ι	I	I	I	<u> I</u>	I		AA	A	00	OO	O		Yes			AA	*A	A
Private Forestry	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	<u>I</u>	<u>I</u>		A	A	О	О	O		Yes			Α	*A	A
Public Utilities & Facilities	С	С	С	С	C	С	С	С	<u>s</u>	<u>C</u>		A	A	О	О	О		No		Α	A	*A	A
Restaurant – using an existing Building	I	I	I	I	S	I	I	I	<u>s</u>	<u>I</u>		AA	AA	OO	OO	O		No	AA		AA	*A	$ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $
Restaurant – not using an existing Building	I	I	I	I	С	Ι	I	I	<u>C</u>	<u>I</u>		A	A	О	О	О		No	A	A	A	*A	A
Retirement Facility	I	* I	С	С	I	I	С	I	<u>C</u>	I		Α	Α	О	О	О		**Yes	A	A	Α	*A	Α
Service Industry	I	I	I	I	I	С	I	I	<u>C</u>	Ī		A	A	О	О	О		No	A	A	A	*A	A
Service Station	I	I	I	I	С	С	I	I	<u>C</u>	I		A	A	О	О	O		Yes	A	Α	A	*A	A
Shopping Facility – using an existing Building	I			I	С	I	I	I	<u>S</u>	I				0	О	O		No	A	-	A	*A	A
Shopping Facility – not using an existing Building	I	I	I	I	С	I	I	I	C	I		A	Α	О	О	O		No	Α	Α	Α	*A	Α
Short Term Accommodation	I	I	I	С	С	I	I	I	<u>C</u>	I		A	Α	О	О	О		Yes	A	A	A	*A	A
Special Residential Use	I	С	С	С	С	I	<u> </u>	I	C	Ī				0	О	O		No		A	A	*A	A
Staff Quarters	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	<u>C</u>	I		A	A	О	О	О		No		Α	A	*A	A
Tavern	I	I	I	I	С	I	I	I	<u>C</u>	I		A	Α	0	О	O		No	A	A	A	*A	Α
Telecommunication Facilities	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>		A	A	О	О	O		Yes	A	A	A	*A	A
Tourist Attraction	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	<u>C</u>	Ī		A	Α	О	О	О		Yes	A	A	A	*A	A
Veterinary Facilities	I	I	I	I	С	I	I	I	<u>C</u>	Ī		A	A	О	О	О		No	Α	A	A	*A	A
Other-Undefined (Except Use for a Road)	I	I	I	I	I	Ι	I	I	Ī	I		A	A	<u> </u>	О	O		No	A	A	A	*A	A

NOTE: Self Assessable development converts to Code Assessable development if the development cannot comply in full with the applicable Acceptable Solutions in any relevant Code

KEY

Е	Exempt
L	•
S	Self Assessable
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	in Special Management Area 1 on the Locality Map and then Code Assessable
С	Code Assessable
	Impact Assessable
*I	Impact Assessable Impact Assessable except when
*[1
*[Impact Assessable except when included in Special Management Area 1 on the Locality Map and then Impact
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The Code is applicable for all development EXCEPT Self Assessable development

See – Aquaculture & Intensive Animal Husbandry Code

See – Multi-Unit Housing/Holiday Accommodation/Retirement Facility Code

August, 2006 Page II 6

PORT DOUGLAS	ANI	D EN	VIRO	ONS I	LOCA	ALIT	Y – T	ABL	E 2											
DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITY PLANNING AREA GUIDE TO APPLICABILITY OF CODES																				
DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITY			PLANNING AREA										OVERLAY			GENERAL				
	Rural	Residential 1	Residential 2	Tourist & Residential	Commercial	Industry	Community & Recreational Facilities	Conservation	Port Douglas Waterfront North	Port Douglas Waterfront South	Port Douglas & Environs Locality Code	Planning Area	Acid Sulfate Soils	Cultural Heritage & Valuable Sites	Natural Hazards	Design & Siting of Advertising Devices	Excava	Landscaping	Natural Areas and Scenic Amenity	Reconfiguring a Lot
Reconfiguring a Lot	C	С	C	С	С	С	С	I	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	A	A	О	О	0				*A	A
Operational Work Associated with Reconfiguring a Lot	C	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	A	A	О	О	0		A	A	*A	A
Operational Work - Filling or Excavation not associated with a Material Change of Use	C	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	A	A	О	О	О		A		*A	
Operational Work - Engineering Works not associated with a Material Change of Use	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	A	A	О	0	О		A		*A	
Operational Work - Placing an Advertising Device on Premises not associated with a Material Change of Use	C	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	A	A				A			*A	
Operational Work - Prescribed Tidal Work	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>										
Building Work other than Minor Building Work not associated with a Material Change of Use	E		E	Е	E	Е		С	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	A	A							*A	

	KEY							
E	Exempt							
S	Self Assessable							
С	Code Assessable							
I	I Impact Assessable							
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NOTE: Self Assessable development converts to Code Assessable development if the development cannot comply in full with the applicable Acceptable Solutions in any relevant Code

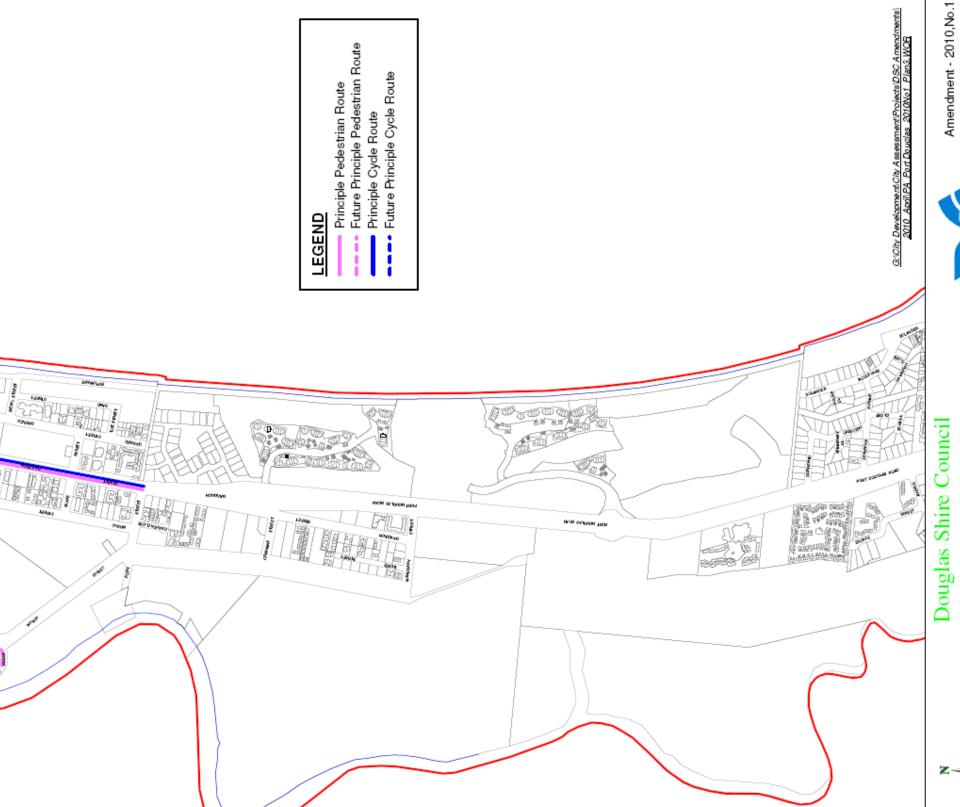
August, 2006

7 #05760001/4 P1(a) Amendment - 2010,No.1 Special Management Area
- Flagstaff Hill
- Service Industry Precinct
- Craiglie
- Mahogany Street
- Residential Growth Area Date: August 2006 Author: GDK Map No. Scheme of Integrated Resort Development Investigation Zone (vegetation & flooding) Conservation Community and Recreational Facilities Tourist Centre Port Douglas Waterfront - South Port Douglas Waterfront - North Planning Areas Reef Park Residential Estate Solander Residential Estate Fourist & Residential Local Centre Ø { 0 0 0 0 0 0 Port Douglas & Environs - Sheet 1 Douglas Shire Council Planning Areas

DDAET Bort Douglas Materfront Amendment 2010 No. 1

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Pedsetrian & Cycle Movement Overlay

Port Douglas & Environs - Sheet 1

P7(a)

Data:August 2006 Author: GDK Map No.

4.1 Introduction

The Codes relevant to the Planning Scheme are detailed below in specific groups and in alphabetical order, followed by each Code outlined in detail. A Code that is applicable to a material change of use is also applicable to the ongoing use that results from that change¹.

Self Assessable development which does not comply with the applicable Acceptable Solutions outlined in the Codes will require Code Assessment.

Codes for Localities

- World Heritage Areas and Environs Locality
- Settlement Areas North of the Daintree River Locality
- Mossman and Environs Locality
- Port Douglas and Environs Locality
- Coastal Suburbs, Villages and Townships Locality
- Rural Areas and Rural Settlements Locality.

Codes for Planning Areas

- Rural Planning Area
- Rural Settlement Planning Area
- Residential 1 Planning Area
- Residential 2 Planning Area
- Tourist and Residential Planning Area
- Commercial Planning Area
- Industry Planning Area
- Community and Recreational Facilities Planning Area
- Conservation Planning Area
- Port Douglas Waterfront North Planning Area
- Port Douglas Waterfront South Planning Area

Codes for Overlays

- Acid Sulfate Soils
- Cultural Heritage and Valuable Sites
- Natural Hazards.

¹ IPA, Section 2.1.23 (3) (Local Planning Instruments have Force of Law) relates with respect to regulating the use of premises, and also IPA, Section 4.3.4 (Compliance with Identified Code for Use of Premises) with respect to an offence under the Act.

4.2.4 Port Douglas and Environs Locality Code

Purpose

The purpose of this Code is to facilitate the achievement of the following outcomes for the Port Douglas and Environs Locality:

- consolidate Port Douglas as the major tourist accommodation and tourist service centre in the Shire;
- ensure that tourist development and associated Landscaping is of high quality which reflects and complements the image of Port Douglas as a tropical seaside resort town of international renown;
- consolidate the area between Macrossan Street and Marina Mirage as the major tourist, retail, dining and entertainment centre of the Shire;
- ensure that all forms of development complement the tropical image of the town by incorporating attractive design and architectural features;
- encourage the expansion of residential areas that are pleasant, functional, distinctive and in visually well-defined areas;
- protect existing and future residential areas from the intrusion of tourist accommodation and activity;
- protect sensitive environments and natural features which give Port Douglas its distinctive character and identity, in particular Four Mile Beach, Dicksons Inlet and Flagstaff Hill;
- protect the surrounding rural and natural environments from intrusion by urban development;
- maintain the distinct rural hinterland, dominant natural environment of the western escarpment, and the existing vegetated hillside of Flagstaff Hill; and
- protect primary functions of the port (marine and fishing activities) from incompatible land uses and acknowledge the industrial and commercial land uses associated with the maritime industry, while also providing secondary opportunities for recreational use by residents and tourists.

Applicability

This Code applies to self assessable and assessable development in the Port Douglas and Environs Locality for:

• Material Change of Use:

Except for:

- Business Facilities using an existing Building in the Commercial Planning Area and the Port Douglas Waterfront North Planning Area
- Primary Industry in the Rural Planning Area
- Restaurant using an existing Building in the Commercial Planning Area and the Port Douglas Waterfront North Planning Area
- Reconfiguring a Lot;
- Operational Work Associated with Reconfiguring a Lot;
- Operational Work Filling or Excavation not associated with a Material Change of Use;

- Operational Work Engineering Works not associated with a Material Change of Use;
- Operational Work Placing an Advertising Device on Premises not associated with a Material Change of Use; and
- Building Work other than Minor Building Work not associated with a Material Change of Use in the Conservation Planning Area.

For self-assessable development assessed against this Code, the applicable Acceptable Solutions are A1.1 and A2.1a).

Self assessable development which does not comply with Acceptable Solutions as listed above, outlined in this Code will require Code Assessment.

A1.1

Elements of the Code

General Requirements

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

P1 Buildings and structures complement the Height of surrounding development,

AND

The height of buildings in the Port Douglas Waterfront transitions from single storey in the Community and Recreation Facilities Planning Area through to three storeys in the Port Douglas Waterfront North Planning Area.

AND

Buildings are limited to two Storeys outside the Port Douglas Waterfront, except in the High Scale locations depicted on the Locality Plan, where development of three Storeys is appropriate.

ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS

In the Planning Areas (and parts thereof) contained in the Port Douglas Waterfront listed below, the maximum Height of Buildings/structures is 3.0 metres. In addition, the roof (including any ancillary roof features) does not exceed a maximum Height of 3.5 metres above the intersection of the pitching part of the roof and the wall of the Building:

• Community and Recreation Facilities

AND

In the Planning Areas (and parts thereof) listed below the maximum Height of Buildings/structures is 6.5 metres. In addition, the roof (including any ancillary roof features) does not exceed a maximum Height of 3.5 metres above the intersection of the pitching part of the roof and the wall of the Building:

- Residential 1;
- Industry;
- Conservation;
- Community and Recreational Facilities (except in the Port Douglas Waterfront);
- Residential 2;
- Tourist and Residential (Medium Scale);
- Commercial (Medium Scale, outside the Tourist Centre);
- Commercial (High Scale, outside the Tourist Centre);
- Commercial (High Scale, within the Tourist Centre and on the high side of Macrossan Street) – in this instance there is no specified number of Storeys, however the maximum Height prevails;
- Port Douglas Waterfront North (where depicted within Figure 1 of the Port Douglas Waterfront North Planning Area Code); and
- Port Douglas Waterfront South.

OR AND

			In the Planning Areas (parts thereof) listed below the maximum Height of Buildings/structures is 10 metres and 3 Storeys. In addition, the roof (including any ancillary roof features) does not exceed a maximum Height of 3.5 metres above the intersection of the pitching part of the roof and the wall of the Building:
			 Tourist and Residential – (High Scale); Commercial – (High Scale, within the Tourist Centre and on the low side of Macrossan Street, through to Warner Street); and Port Douglas Waterfront North (where depicted within Figure 1 of the Port Douglas Waterfront North Planning Area Code).
P2	Development is connected to available urban services.	A2.1	Development is connected to available urban services by underground connections, wherever possible. AND/OR Contributions are paid when applicable in accordance with the requirements of Planning Scheme Policy No 11 – Water Supply and Sewerage Headworks and Works External Contributions.
Р3	Landscaping of development Sites complements the existing tropical seaside resort town character of Port Douglas and creates a dominant tropical vegetated streetscape.	A3.1	Landscaping of a development Site complies with Planning Scheme Policy No 7 – Landscaping, with particular emphasis on appropriate species for Port Douglas.
P4	Development Sites are provided with efficient and safe vehicle Access and manoeuvring areas on Site and to the Site, to an acceptable standard for the Locality.	A4.1	All Roads, driveways and manoeuvring areas on Site and adjacent to the Site are designed and maintained to comply with the specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy No 6 – FNQROC Development Manual

Tourist Centre

	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA	,	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
P5	Development in the Tourist Centre enhances the distinct tropical resort town character and identity of Port Douglas and encourages pedestrian activity at street level including shade protection across the entire footpath for the length of the building	A5.1	Development is built up to the street Frontage/s at Ground Level and incorporates a light frame awning a minimum of 3 metres wide for the length of the street Frontage/s. OR
			If a development includes an outdoor dining area at ground/footpath level, the dining area has a maximum Setback of 6 metres and the required awning is still maintained along the length of the street Frontage/s.
P6	Development in the Tourist Centre is predominantly commercial in nature with any tourist accommodation having a secondary focus and not located on the street-level Frontage.	A6.1	Commercial development establishes at Ground Level and a maximum of one level above ground with any residential tourist development establishing on levels above ground or on Ground Level but not on the street Frontage, in any mixed use development.
P7	Development in the Tourist Centre is of a height and scale which complements the village character of the town and remains subservient to the natural environment and the backdrop of Flagstaff Hill, in particular.	A7.1	The achievement of the maximum Building/structure Height specified above in A1.1, relies on compliance with Acceptable Solutions A7.2, A7.3, A7.4 and A8.1 below.
	F	A7.2	Development has a maximum length of unbroken building facade of 20 metres and a maximum extent of overall development in the same style/design along the street Frontage/s of 40 metres.
		A7.3	Any break in the building facade varies the alignment by a 1 metre minimum deviation.

A7.4 A minimum of three of the following building design features architectural elements detailed below are incorporated to break the extended facade of a development: a change in roof profile; a change in parapet coping; a change in awning design; a horizontal or vertical change in the wall plane; or a change in the exterior finishes and exterior colours of the development. Planning Scheme Policy No 2 -Building Design and Architectural Elements should be referred to for demonstrating compliance with elements listed above. A7.5 Any Building which does not comply with A7.2, A7.3 and A7.4 above, is limited to 1 storey and/or 4.5 metres in height.

P8 Development in the Tourist Centre is climate-responsive, contributes positively to the character of the Locality, is complementary in scale to surrounding development and does not exceed a base Plot Ratio of 0.5:1 and a maximum Plot Ratio of 1:1.

AND

Will not achieve the maximum Plot Ratio specified above unless the development incorporates building design features and architectural elements detailed in Planning Scheme Policy No 2 – Building Design and Architectural Elements (and referred to in the Acceptable Solution).

- A8.1 Development incorporates the following design features and corresponding plot ratio bonuses [in brackets]:
- A8.2 appropriate roof form and roofing material [10% Plot Ratio Bonus]; and
- A8.3 appropriate fenestration in combination with roof form [5% Plot Ratio Bonus]; and
- A8.4 appropriate window openings with window awnings, screens or eaves shading 80% of the window opening refer Planning Scheme Policy No. 2 Building Design and Architectural Elements [15% Plot Ratio Bonus]; and
- A8.5 minimum of 700mm eaves [15% Plot Ratio Bonus]; and
- A8.6 orientation of the Building to address the street/s [5% Plot Ratio Bonus];
- A8.7 sheltered pedestrian Access by unenclosed covered common area walkway of 1.5 metres in width from the car parking area/s to the development [5% Plot Ratio Bonus]; and
- A8.8 inclusion of windows and balconies to the street façade of the Building [10% Plot Ratio Bonus]; and
- A8.7 provision of lattice, battens or privacy screens [5% Plot Ratio Bonus]; and
- A8.8 the overall length of a Building does not exceed 30 metres and the overall length of any continuous wall does not exceed 15 metres [10% Plot Ratio Bonus].

P9	Car parking generated by:	A9.1	In respect to P9 (a), a minimum of 30%
	 a) the commercial component of development is fully or partly accommodated on the Site of the development, depending on the availability of alternative public car parking nearby with any balance to be paid in lieu of providing on-site car parking for commercial development in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy No 3 - Car Parking Contributions; and b) the residential component of any mixed use development is provided on the Site for the full allocation for units and visitor parking and is held in a common pool for common use. 		of the car parking requirements for the commercial component of development is provided on the Site of a development fronting Grant, Macrossan, Owen or Wharf Street, with 100% on-site provision applying for a commercial component along other streets in the Tourist Centre. AND Any balance is paid in lieu of providing on-site car parking for commercial development in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy No. 3 – Car Parking Contributions.
P10	The use of on Site public car parking in the Tourist Centre is maximised.	A10.1	On Site car parking available for public use in the Tourist Centre is clearly sign-posted at the Site Frontage.
		A10.2	Signage for car parking for public use is to be of a standard blue and white sign with a directional arrow unless otherwise specified.
		A10.3	Boom gates, pay machines or other regulatory devices to control Access to public car parking areas are not constructed/erected.
P11	Car parking and access in the Tourist Centre: a) does not dominate street Frontages, especially along streets with high pedestrian traffic and pedestrian-oriented development; and b) facilitates pedestrian connectivity; and c) is safe and convenient.	A11.1	In respect to P11 (a), along Grant, Macrossan, Owen and Wharf Streets, on-site car parking and Access is minimised, and where possible, shared access driveways and Access easements are to be provided to limit the number of vehicles crossings;

P12	Residents in residential accommodation located within the Tourist Centre are protected from noise intrusion associated with night time activities, such as outdoor dining, bars and nightclubs.	No Acceptable Solution. (Information that the Council ma request to demonstrate compliance wit the Performance Criteria is outlined i Planning Scheme Policy No 10 Reports and Information the Counc May Request, for code and impagassessable development).	h n – il
P13	Safe and convenient pedestrian linkages are promoted in the Tourist Centre.	A13.1 One centrally located pedestrian Access is provided via a sheltere walkway/arcade from Macrossan Street to Warner Street between Grant Street and Owen Street.	ed et

Local Centres

	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA		ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
P14	Local Centres outside the Tourist Centre service the surrounding residential area and do not adversely impact on the viability of the Tourist Centre.	A14.1	The Net Lettable Area of each of the existing Local Centres does not exceed 300 m ² and is apportioned equally between the total number of lots which comprise the Local Centre.
		A14.2	Any proposed new Local Centre with a maximum Net Lettable Area of 500 m ² , only establishes when an identifiable population of 1000 persons is located more than 2 km from any existing Local Centre or the Tourist Centre.
		A14.3	Any new Local Centre is located at a "gateway" location to a residential area, which best serves the surrounding residential area.

Residential Development Outside Tourist Centre

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA			ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
P15 Existing residential housing estate protected from incursion by higher cresidential uses.		A15.1	Multi-Unit Housing does not establish in the residential estate of Solander and the areas in Reef Park estate included in the Residential 1 Planning Area.
P16 Residential development, other thouse, is climate-responsive, contropositively to the character of the Lotis complementary in scale to surror development and does not exceed identified Plot Ratio designation (Locality Map/s (that is): • land designated High Scale has Plot Ratio of 0.5:1 and a maximum Plot Ratio of 0.8:1; • land designated Medium Scale base Plot Ratio of 0.3:1 a maximum Plot Ratio of 0.45:1; OR • land designated Low Scale has Plot Ratio of 0.25:1 and a maximum Plot Ratio of 0.35:1. AND Will not achieve the maximum Plot specified above unless the develor incorporates building design feature architectural elements detailed in Pla Scheme Policy No 2 — Building I and Architectural Elements (and refer in the Acceptable Solution).	ributes ocality, unding ed the on the a base ximum has a and a a base ximum a base ximum a can base ximum	A16.1	Development incorporates the following design features and corresponding plot ratio bonuses [in brackets]: a) appropriate roof form and roofing material [10% Plot Ratio Bonus]; and b) appropriate fenestration in combination with roof form [5% Plot Ratio Bonus]; and c) appropriate window openings with window awnings, screens or eaves shading 80% of the window opening – refer Planning Scheme Policy No. 2 – Building Design and Architectural Elements [15% Plot Ratio Bonus]; and d) minimum of 700mm eaves [15% Plot Ratio Bonus]; and e) orientation of the Building to address the street/s [5% Plot Ratio Bonus]; f) sheltered pedestrian Access by unenclosed covered common area walkway of 1.2 metres in width from the car parking area/s to the development [5% Plot Ratio Bonus]; and g) inclusion of windows and balconies to the street façade of the Building [10% Plot Ratio Bonus]; and h) provision of lattice, battens or privacy screens [5% Plot Ratio Bonus]; and i) the overall length of a Building does not exceed 30 metres and the overall length of any continuous wall does not exceed 15 metres [10% Plot Ratio Bonus].

P17	The Site Coverage of any residential or tourist development does not result in a built form that is bulky or visually obtrusive.	A17.1	 The Site Coverage of any residential or tourist development, other than a House, is limited to: 45% at Ground Level; 40% at first floor level; and 35% at second floor level, if applicable.
P18	Tourist development provides a range of services and facilities for the recreational convenience of in-house guests.	A18.1	Tourist development provides a range of recreational facilities and small scale commercial services such as Restaurant/bars, shop/boutique, and tour booking office, for the enjoyment and convenience of in-house guests.

Other Development

	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA		ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
P19	Industrial development is limited to Service Industry and is located in existing or identified Industrial areas and is of a scale and intensity of development which is acceptable in the Locality.	A19.1	 Service Industry development is located in the identified Industrial areas of: Special Management Area 3 - Service Industry Precincts (Craiglie); and Special Management Area 4 - Service Industry Precincts (Mahogany Street).

Community Facilities

	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA	AC	CEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
P20	Community facilities are provided to service the local community and visitors in convenient and accessible locations.	A20.2 Pu wi To face	community facilities are conveniently cated within or near the Tourist centre and in close proximity to cisting community facilities to service e needs of local residents and visitors. Ablic car parking areas are provided ithin or in close proximity to the courist Centre, existing community cilities, sporting/recreation grounds and Four Mile Beach.
		an	id Four Mile Beach.

Protection of Scenic Amenity and Natural Values

	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
P21	The views and vistas of Four Mile Beach from the intersection of Davidson Street and Macrossan Street to the beach front are maintained.	A21.1 Any development in Macrossan Street between Davidson Street and the beach front, outside the Tourist Centre, is designed with Macrossan Street as the Main Street Frontage and the Buildings are Setback 6 metres from the Main Street Frontage.
P22	Development does not adversely impact on areas of sensitive natural vegetation, foreshore areas, Watercourses and areas of tidal inundation which contribute the Scenic Amenity and natural values of the locality ^{2,3} .	No Acceptable Solution. (Information that the Council may request to demonstrate compliance with the Performance Criteria is outlined in Planning Scheme Policy No 10 – Reports and Information the Council May Request, for code and impact assessable development).

Port Douglas Waterfront

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
P23 The Port Douglas Waterfront is protected from any new incompatible land uses and activities or intensification of existing incompatible uses, to allow for future planned spatial arrangements of the waterfront.	A23.1 Development in the Port Douglas Waterfront North Planning Area and the Port Douglas Waterfront South Planning Area complies with the respective Codes for each Planning Area; and A23.2 Development in the Commercial Planning Area on premises in that has road frontages on both Warner Street and the unnamed laneway at the rear, use Warner Street as the Primary Road frontage for pedestrian access and business frontage ensuring centralised parking on Lot 12 on SR787 for the Port Douglas Waterfront and Tourist Centre is unimpeded.

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² The Environmental Protection Agency is a Concurrence Agency for assessable development within a Coastal Management District.

³ Vegetation clearing is required to be undertaken in accordance with Local Law – Vegetation

Management.

Special Management Areas

Special Management Area 1 – Flagstaff Hill

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
P24 Flagstaff Hill is protected from inappropriate development to protect the Hill as an important natural landmark feature of Port Douglas and as a vegetated backdrop to the Tourist Centre.	A24.1 Only Houses on large allotments are developed in Special Management Area 1 - Flagstaff Hill.
P25 All development on Flagstaff Hill is designed to minimise the visibility of the development and to ensure development is subservient to the natural landscape and topography of the Site, including through: a) building design which minimises excavation and filling; and b) buildings being designed to step down the Site and incorporate foundations and footings on piers or poles; and c) buildings being visually unobtrusive and incorporating exterior finishes and muted colours which are non reflective and complement the colours of the surrounding vegetation and viewshed; and d) protection of the views from public viewing points.	No Acceptable Solution.

Special Management Area 2 – Residential Growth Area

	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
<u>P26</u>	The Residential Growth Area is developed taking account of the opportunities and constraints and existing topographic and man made features of the whole of the Site, and in particular, that part of the Site identified as Investigation Zone (vegetation and flooding).	No Acceptable Solution. (Information that the Council may request to demonstrate compliance with the Performance Criteria is outlined in Planning Scheme Policy No 10 – Reports and Information the Council May Request, for code and impact assessable development).
<u>P27</u>	Any reconfiguration layout ensures that Access to the State-Controlled Road is minimised.	A27.1 Vehicular Access to the Captain Cook Highway is limited to one Access point via Andreasson Road with internal vehicular connectivity provided throughout the Residential Growth Area, if development occurs in stages.
<u>P28</u>	Residential development near Mowbray River does not detrimentally impact on the natural values of the river system, or of coastal waters.	A28.1 Any residential development on land adjacent to Mowbray River: a) does not involve the construction of a canal estate or similar form of development; and b) is separated from the river by a road and substantial public open space.

Special Management Area 3 – Service Industry Precincts (Craiglie)

	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA	L	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
<u>P29</u>	Development within the Craiglie Service Industry Precinct supports the tourism and marine industries within Port Douglas.	<u>A29.1</u>	Only Service Industry uses are located in the Service Industry Precincts (Craiglie).
			AND
			The proponent of the proposed Service Industry use provides written evidence to Council that it supports/services the tourism or marine industry in Port Douglas.
<u>P30</u>	Development on lots adjacent to the Captain Cook Highway is sited, designed and landscaped to provides an attractive visual approach to Port Douglas with all buildings, structures and carparking areas setback a sufficient distance from the Frontage to enable landscaping to screen or soften the appearance of the development.	<u>A30.1</u>	Buildings and structures are setback 8 metres from the Captain Cook Highway Frontage, or no closer to the Captain Cook Highway Frontage than buildings and structures on adjoining Sites (averaged), which ever is the greater.
	sorten die appearance of die development.	<u>A30.2</u>	The Setback area to the Captain Cook Highway Frontage is landscaped with advanced Dense Planting including trees species (100 litre bag stock), which will, at maturity, exceed the Height of the Building on Site.
		<u>A30.3</u>	Advertising signs are discreet in appearance with no large advertising signs including tenancy signs located on or near the Captain Cook Highway Frontage, or within any landscaped setback area adjacent to the highway.
		<u>A30.4</u>	Car parking areas, loading and other service areas are designed to be screened from the Captain Cook Highway and are located so as not to be visually prominent from the Captain Cook Highway.

<u>P31</u>	The reconfiguration of Lot 83 on SR 724 for Industrial development proceeds in line with a demonstrated demand for industrial land at Craiglie	<u>A31.1</u>	Council will only support the staged reconfiguration of that part of Lot 83 on SR 724 designated in the Industry Planning Area, in association with a Needs Analysis, prepared in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy No 10 — Reports and Information the Council May Request, which demonstrates a clear demand for additional industrial land at Craiglie.
		<u>A31.2</u>	The Needs Analysis incorporates a methodology to be approved by Council for the staged development of any reconfiguration of the land for industrial purposes, in line with a specified future demand scenario.
		<u>A31.3</u>	The reconfiguration and/or redesignation for industrial development of that part of Lot 83 on SR 724 included in the Rural Planning Area does not occur in the life of this Planning Scheme, unless supported by another Needs Analysis prepared in accordance with A29.1 and A29.2 above.
<u>P32</u>	The parkland contribution associated with the reconfiguration of Lot 83 on SR 724 provides for the expansion of Teamster Park.	<u>A32.1</u>	Provision shall be made for a park contribution associated with the reconfiguration of Lot 83 on SR 724. Should the park contribution be provided in stages, the total contribution of land must be identified in one area in association with Stage 1 of any reconfiguration application.
<u>P33</u>	Development on the western side of Owen Street provides for a range of Service Industry uses, which may incorporate a minor, ancillary and necessarily associated retail component.	<u>A33.1</u>	Service Industry development on the western side of Owen Street can be designed to designate up to a maximum of 30% of the total Gross Floor Area of any Building/s on the Site for a retail component to be located at the front of the development, provided the retail component is allied to the primary Service Industry activity carried out on the Site.

P34 The potential for conflict between Industrial development and any residential development is minimised.	A34.1 Any residential development occurring immediately adjacent to Special Management Area 3 does not occur until Road closures and Road openings have been undertaken to provide physical separation between residential
	land and industrial land. AND New Road alignments are generally sited in accordance with the Access points identified on the relevant Locality Plan.

Special Management Area 4 – Service Industry Precincts (Mahogany Street)

	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA	A	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
<u>P35</u>	Development on Lot 147 on SR 866 supports the marine industries within Port Douglas.	<u>A35.1</u>	Only Service Industry uses are located on that part of Lot 147 on SR 866 included in the Industry Planning Area.
			AND
			Only once lease arrangements on the land facilitate Service Industry uses.
			AND
			The proponent of the proposed Service Industry use provides written evidence to Council that it supports/services the marine industries in Port Douglas.
<u>P36</u>	Development on Lot 147 on SR 866 provides for the protection of vegetation on the Site.	A36.1	Development is limited to that part of the Site that is currently cleared in accordance with a vegetation assessment to determine the exact vegetation line along the boundaries of the Conservation and Industry Planning Areas.
		<u>A36.2</u>	Buildings and structures are Setback 4 metres from the vegetation line and 6 metres from the front boundary of the Site.
<u>P37</u>	Development on Lot 147 on SR 866 is provided with appropriate Access.	<u>A37.1</u>	Access to the Site will be limited to existing Access points (maximum of 2) outside the Conservation Planning Area and constructed to a standard suitable for Service Industry uses.

Special Management Area 5 Waterfront Investigation Area Precinct

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
• The Waterfront Precinct is	No Acceptable Solution.
incompatible land uses and activities or intensification of existing incompatible uses, to allow for future planned spatial arrangements of the waterfront including marine based industry, maritime infrastructure, tourist/commercial, marina, and community and represtion	(Information that the Council may request to demonstrate compliance with the Performance Criteria is outlined in Planning Scheme Policy No 11 Port Douglas Waterfront Integrated Development Plan, for code and impact assessable development).
activities.	

4.3.10 Port Douglas Waterfront North Planning Area Code

Purpose

The purpose of this Code is to facilitate the achievement of the following desired development outcomes for the Port Douglas Waterfront North Planning Area:

- The Port Douglas Waterfront North Planning Area evolves as revitalised open space and waterside development precinct;
- <u>Development within the Port Douglas Waterfront North Planning Area is designed</u> to be sympathetic to the environmentally sensitive Dickson Inlet mitigates any adverse impacts;
- The establishment of mixed-use development is facilitated to promote activity and vitality;
- Development contributes to a high quality public realm;
- Built form provides an attractive point of arrival from both land and sea;
- Pedestrian connectivity is safe, efficient and provides for the needs of all users of the Port Douglas Waterfront;
- Parking (and associated infrastructure) does not undermine the relationship between buildings and street;
- A sense of place is created through aesthetic streetscapes and innovative public and private open space;
- Character is enhanced through the identification of gateway sites, landmarks, main approach routes and pedestrian thoroughfares and view corridors;
- <u>A high level of pedestrian and streetscape amenity is facilitated along the waterfront</u> and road network through the use landscaping, public art and streetscape elements;
- The importance of marine-based industries to the area is recognised;
- Marine-based industries are protected from incompatible uses;
- Marine infrastructure is established to service the tourism, fishing and private boating community;
- The functionality of the Balley Hooley tourist rail is retained;
- <u>Uses identified as inconsistent uses in the Assessment Table dealing with material change of use for the Port Douglas & Environs Locality are not established in the Port Douglas Waterfront North Planning Area.</u>

Applicability

This Code applies to self assessable and assessable development in the Port Douglas Waterfront North Planning Area for:

• Material Change of Use:

Except for:

- Shopping Facilities, Business Facilities or Restaurant using an existing Building
- Reconfiguring a Lot;
- Operational Work Associated with Reconfiguring a Lot;
- Operational Work Filling or Excavation not associated with a Material Change of Use;

- Operational Work Engineering Works not associated with a Material Change of Use;
- Operational Work Placing an Advertising Device on Premises not associated with a Material Change of Use;
- Operational Work Prescribed Tidal Work; and
- Building Work other than Minor Building Work not associated with a Material Change of Use.

Design, Layout and Built Form

PER	FORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCI	EPTABLE SOLUTIONS
<u>P1</u>	Building design is distinctive and reflects the tropical character of Port Douglas and reinforces the amenity of the waterfront and surrounding areas as a major component of the tourism experience.	<u>A1.1</u>	Building design incorporates lightweight cladding and extensive sun-shading and shadowing devices to improve aesthetics and energy efficiency; and
		<u>A1.2</u>	Buildings are designed in accordance with the requirements of the Planning Scheme Policy No 2 – Building Design and Architectural Elements; and
<u>P2</u>	The bulk and scale of buildings is consistent with surrounding development and steps down to compliment the open space areas in the northern parts of the Port Douglas Waterfront	<u>A2.1</u>	Development is designed in accordance with the control guidelines shown in <i>Figure 1</i> . Setbacks and building envelopes will be generally in accordance with those specified in this figure.
<u>P3</u>	Buildings are designed and oriented to address and provide activity in the public realm, particularly the public plaza and Wharf Street.	<u>A3.1</u>	Land uses, such as shops, restaurants, bars and commercial services, activate Wharf Street and the pedestrian plaza; and
		<u>A3.2</u>	Where a building is adjacent to a public place, the building's main entrance addresses the public place; and
		<u>A3.3</u>	Through use of design features, development enables: a. activities in public areas, such as outdoor dining; and b. passive recreation (such as places for meeting or busking); and c. informal seating around edges such as garden beds.

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

- P4 The design of buildings ensures that:
 - a. the streetscape is cohesive; and
 - b. pedestrians are afforded protection from the sun and from rain; and
 - c. development allows for on-site landscaping and street trees for an attractive and tropical streetscape.

ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS

- A4.1 A non-transparent cantilevered awning is provided for the full length of the road frontage/s of buildings with a zero metre setback, as generally depicted in *Figure 1*.

 Posts may be included in the awnings design however these are to be non load bearing; and
- A4.2 The underside of the awning is a minimum of 3 metres and a maximum of 4 metres above the finished level of the footpath; and
- A4.3 The design of the awning allows for street tree plantings; and
- A4.4 Dense landscaping is provided adjacent to the road frontage where buildings are not built to the front boundary.

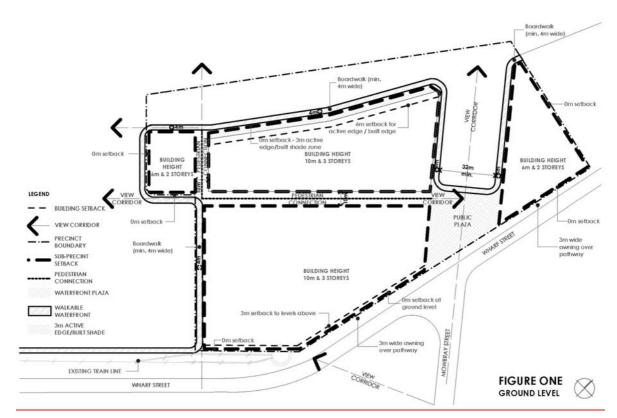


Figure 1: Development Control Guideline

Retention of Balley Hooley Rail Line

PEF	RFORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCI	EPTABLE SOLUTIONS
<u>P5</u>	The Bally Hooley rail line and turn-table is retained and incorporated in development to maintain its functionality.	<u>A5.1</u>	No Acceptable Solutions Specified.

Mitigating Adverse Impacts

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
P6 Development mitigates the adverse impacts of flood, storm tide inundation and sea level rise.	A6.1 Floors that provide tourist or permanent accommodation are located above the Storm Tide Inundation Area and consider rising sea levels; and
	A6.2 Floors for new commercial and retail uses are located 150mm above the 1 in 100 year ARI flood event; or
	A6.3 Additions to existing buildings may use existing floor levels only where it is necessary to retain functionality of the building's use.
P7 Development recognises the importance of and relationship between the marina, commercial and residential development in the Port Douglas Waterfront Planning Area, and includes measures to	structures and landscaped areas that can serve as a buffer between residential and non-
mitigate the impact of: a. noise; and b. odour; and c. hazardous materials; and d. aesthetics.	A7.2 Service and rubbish collection points: a. are positioned to minimise conflict with residential accommodation; and b. include measures to mitigate adverse noises and smells; and c. minimise the need for trucks to use their reversing horns.
	A7.3 Service structures and mechanical plant are not visible from: a. the street; and b. adjoining properties; and c. Public open space; and
	A7.4 Potential noise impacts are mitigated through the use of: a. sound insulation; and b. sensitive internal planning; and c. acoustic barriers between residential and non-residential uses; and
	A7.5 Service structures and mechanical plant is not located: a. on balconies or adjacent to other liveable areas; and b. Near multiple reflective surfaces such as walls and eaves; and
	A7.6 Hazardous Materials are stored in an enclosed, bunded area, away from residential uses.

Sustainable Building Design

PER	FORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
<u>P8</u>	New buildings:	A8.1 No Acceptable Solutions Specified.
	a. promote exemplary environmentally	
	sustainable building design outcomes; and	
	b. incorporate features that minimise energy	
	and water use, and maximise the efficiency	
	of land use and infrastructure; and	
	c. include high performance building fabrics.	
	cross ventilation, wide eaves and	
	overhangs, shade devices, natural	
	ventilation.	

Parking, Access and Mobility

PER	FORMANCE CRITERIA	ACC	EPTABLE SOLUTIONS
<u>P9</u>	Vehicle access, parking and service areas: a. do not undermine the relationship between buildings and street or dominate the streetscape; and b. are designed to minimise pedestrian vehicle conflict.	<u>A9.1</u>	For all buildings parking is: a. to the side of buildings and recessed behind the main building line; or b. behind buildings; or c. wrapped by the building façade, and not visible from the street; and
		<u>A9.2</u>	Ground level parking incorporates clearly defined pedestrian routes; and
		<u>A9.3</u>	Any porte cocheres, disabled and pedestrian access are accommodated within the boundary of new or refurbished development.
		<u>A9.4</u>	Where development provides floor area for the Bally Hooley rail station, the gross floor area of the rail line and station does not attract a vehicle parking rate under this Code, or the Parking and Access Codes.
		<u>A9.5</u>	Where the development is an integrated mixed-use development incorporating holiday accommodation or multiple dwellings and either restaurant or tavern or shopping facilities or business facilities, on-site parking spaces are provided as per the number prescribed in Schedule 1 – Car Parking Requirements of the Vehicle Parking and Access Code with a relaxation of 30% of the non-residential use.

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
P10 Pedestrians, cyclists, motorists and public transport users can easily move into and through the Waterfront along planned connectivity routes.	A10.1 An integrated pedestrian and cycle movement network is provided as depicted on the Port Douglas Pedestrian and Cycle Movement Overlay.
	A10.2 Vehicular access from Wharf Street, is provided for the: a. Accommodation parking and drop off area, this may include a port cochere and entry feature; and b. Non-residential parking; and A10.3 To avoid any confusion, vehicular access may be via separate access points from Wharf Street which must be designed to maintain the pedestrian integrity of the area through safe sightlines for both pedestrians and vehicles.

View Corridors, Gateways, Landscaping and Open Space

PER	FORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
<u>P11</u>	A combination of pedestrian linkages and open space areas in the private and public realms are provided: a. as a key feature of the Port Douglas Waterfront; and b. through the creation of a continuous waterfront promenade/boardwalk along the quayline.	A11.1 Development establishes an integrated open space and pedestrian movement network is provided as generally depicted on the Port Douglas Pedestrian and Cycle Movement Overlay.
<u>P12</u>	A plaza and pedestrian access is established to create an arrival node to the Port Douglas Waterfront.	A12.1 Development establishes the public plaza as shown in <i>Figure 1</i> .
P13	The public plaza shown in <i>Figure 1</i> is designed and constructed to: a. reflect the character of the Port Douglas Waterfront; b. meet the needs of its users; and c. provide opportunities for social interaction.	A13.1 The public plaza is designed to be adaptable to community based events and are serviced accordingly; and A13.1 Paths, meeting spaces and seat locations are designed to encourage incidental social interaction; and A13.3 Shaded seats and shaded standing areas are
<u>P14</u>	Formalised public spaces and pedestrian paths/areas on freehold land are made accessible to the public, particularly the public plaza and foreshore access.	provided along with drinking taps. A14.1 No Acceptable Solutions Specified.

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
P15 Buildings, civic spaces, roads and pedestrian links: a. are enhanced by appropriate landscape design and planting; and b. themed planting defines entry points, and create strong 'entry corridors' into the waterfront; and c. lighting and well-considered signage complements the building and landscape design; and d. public artwork and other similar features are provided that reflect the heritage and character of the Port Douglas Waterfront.	A15.1 No Acceptable Solutions Specified.
P16 Buildings are designed and sited to provide vistas along shared pedestrian/open space and movement areas in suitable location.	A16.1 Development is in accordance with the control guidelines shown in Figure 1.

Marine-Based Industry and Marine Infrastructure

PERF	ORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
<u>r</u> <u>t</u>	Development does not diminish the viability of marine-based industrial uses that directly serve the Port Douglas tourist and fishing operators and private boat owners, particularly with respect to the slipway operation.	A17.1 The Slipway is retained until such time as the capacity of the existing slipway is established in the Waterfront South Planning Area, or as otherwise approved by Council; and
		A17.2 Buildings are designed to minimise conflict between tourist and pedestrian areas and continued marine-based industrial activities.
	Marine infrastructure is established to service the courism, fishing and private boating community.	A18.1 No Acceptable Solutions Specified.
<u>c</u>	Changes to the Port Douglas Waterfront quayline does not cause adverse impacts to the environmentally sensitive Dickson Inlet.	A19.1 Development that results in changes to the Port Douglas Waterfront quayline are only established where an Ecological Assessment Report provides support to the changes.
		Note: Information that the Council may request to demonstrate compliance with the Performance Criteria is outlined in Planning Scheme Policy No 10 – Reports and Information the Council May Request, with particular reference to the requirements of an Ecological Assessment Report

4.3.11 Port Douglas Waterfront South Planning Area Code

Purpose

The purpose of this Code is to facilitate the achievement of the following desired development outcomes for the Waterfront South Planning Area:

- ensure that any use of land in the Port Douglas Waterfront South Planning Area does not affect the environmental, habitat, conservation or scenic values of surrounding land and Dickson Inlet;
- provide for the establishment of marine-based industry and service industry on appropriate land with regard to site suitability, accessibility, surrounding land uses, and location of utilities and services;
- ensure that marine-based industry and service industry achieves appropriate environmental standards;
- ensure that industrial buildings have a high standard of layout and building design;
- ensure that landscaping provides an attractive streetscape and screens utility, storage and car parking from the street; and
- ensure that the Port Douglas Waterfront South Planning Area is protected from encroachment of incompatible land use activities.

Applicability

This Code applies to assessable development in the Port Douglas Waterfront South Planning Area for:

- Material Change of Use:
- Reconfiguring a Lot;
- Operational Work Associated with Reconfiguring a Lot;
- Operational Work Filling or Excavation not associated with a Material Change of Use;
- Operational Work Engineering Works not associated with a Material Change of Use;
- Operational Work Placing an Advertising Device on Premises not associated with a Material Change of Use;
- Operational Work Prescribed Tidal Work; and
- Building Work other than Minor Building Work not associated with a Material Change of Use.

Elements of the Code

Environmental Values

PER	FORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCI	EPTABLE SOLUTIONS
<u>P1</u>	Development does not adversely impact on the natural environment, natural vegetation or Watercourses and uses existing infrastructure to service development.	A1.1 A1.2	An Ecological Assessment Report is prepared identifying the environmental qualities of the surrounding natural and man-made features which are to be managed; and An Environmental Management Plan is prepared to manage potential impacts of the operation of the development on surrounding natural areas.
		<u>compliat</u> <u>Scheme</u> <u>Request,</u>	formation that the Council may request to demonstrate nce with the Performance Criteria is outlined in Planning Policy No 10 — Reports and Information the Council May with particular reference to the requirements of an Ecological ent Report and Environmental Management Plan.

Consistent and Inconsistent Uses

<u>PERI</u>	FORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCI	EPTABLE SOLUTIONS
<u>P2</u>	The establishment of uses is consistent with the outcomes sought for the Port Douglas Waterfront South Planning Area.		Uses identified as inconsistent uses in the Assessment Table are not established in the Waterfront South Planning Area.

Design and Layout

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA		ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS	
<u>P3</u>	The ultimate development of the site incorporates a slipway, or alternatively functioning facility, with the capacity to service the Port Douglas marine and tourism industry.	<u>A3.1</u>	Development establishes a new slipway, or alternatively functioning facility, with the capacity to service the existing and future marine and tourism industry of Port Douglas; or
		<u>A3.2</u>	If development does not incorporate a new slipway, or alternatively functioning facility, the development demonstrates and provides sufficient area on-site for a facility to provide the capacity of the existing Slipway located adjacent to Wharf Street; and
		<u>A3.3</u>	A master plan for the development of the whole Planning Area is provided to demonstrate the integration of the slipway, or alternatively functioning facility, with other supporting service industry activities that service the marine and tourism industry of Port Douglas.
<u>P4</u>	Buildings and structures are set back from side boundaries and other sensitive areas such that the scenic amenity and environmental qualities of the adjacent area are not adversely affected	A4.1	No Acceptable Solutions Specified.

Site Coverage

PER	FORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
<u>P5</u>	The site coverage of all Buildings ensures development:	A5.1 No Acceptable Solutions Specified.
	a. is sited in an existing cleared area or in an area approved for clearing; and	
	b. has sufficient area for the provision of services; and	
	c. development does not have an adverse effect on the environmental, habitat, conservation or scenic values of the sensitive, adjacent areas.	

Loading/Unloading Facilities

service vehicles, to cater for generated demand. Loading areas for service vehicles are designed to: a. be accommodated on-site; to all egree designed to: A6.2 Develoation vehicles designed to: A6.2 Develoation vehicles designed to: A6.3 Develoation vehicles designed to: A6.4 Develoation vehicles designed to: A6.5 Develoation vehicles designed to: A6.6 Develoation vehicles designed to: A6.7 Develoation vehicles designed to: A6.8 Develoation vehicles designed to: A6.9 Dev	low a Medium Rigid Vehicle to ingress and ss the site in a forward gear; and elopment is designed to ensure all service cles are contained wholly within the site
a. be accommodated on-site; vehi	
c. protect the visual and acoustic amenity of the premises and adjoining premises; and	n being loaded/unloaded; and eways, parking and manoeuvring areas are tructed and maintained to: minimise erosion from storm water runoff; and retain all existing vegetation; and

Road Network

PER	FORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCI	EPTABLE SOLUTIONS
<u>P7</u>	Development ensures adverse impacts from service vehicles on the road network, external to the site, are minimised.	<u>A7.1</u>	No Acceptable Solutions Specified.

Landscaping and Amenity

PER	FORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCI	EPTABLE SOLUTIONS
<u>P8</u>	Entry to the site is landscaped to enhance the amenity of industrial areas and provide a pleasant working environment.	A8.1	Areas used for loading and unloading, storage, utilities and car parking are screened from public view: a. by a combination of Landscaping and screen fencing; and b. dense planting along any Road Frontage is a minimum width of 3 metres.

PER	FORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCE	PTABLE solutions
<u>P9</u>	Landscaping is informal in character and complementary to the existing natural environment, provides screening and enhances the visual appearance of the development.	<u>P9.1</u>	For any development landscaping must be in accordance with the Plant Species Schedule in Planning Scheme Policy No 7 – Landscaping.
<u>P10</u>	The Port Douglas Waterfront South Planning Area is not characterised by a proliferation of advertising signs and/or the use of large advertising signs.	P10.1	Signage complies with the Design and Siting of Advertising Devices Code.

4.6.5 Reconfiguring a Lot Code

Purpose

The purpose of this Code is to ensure that:

- lots are suitable for their intended purpose;
- the environmental and scenic values of the Shire are protected;
- lot reconfiguration in the Rural Planning Area and Rural Settlement Planning Area does not result in the fragmentation or alienation of GQAL;
- lot reconfiguration of land achieves good urban design outcomes; and
- lot reconfiguration in the urban areas of the Shire facilitates:
 - the efficient use of land;
 - safe, convenient and attractive neighbourhoods and functional industrial or commercial areas;
 - the efficient provision of infrastructure;
 - the efficient provision of transport services;
 - the provision of public open space, Landscaping and Recreational Areas for outdoor recreation and community activities; and
 - opportunities for walking and cycling for recreation and as alternative methods of travel.

Applicability

This Code applies to assessable development for:

- Reconfiguring a Lot; and
- Operational Work Associated with Reconfiguring a Lot.

Rearranging a boundary or boundaries that does not create any additional lots requires assessment against Performance Criteria P21 and Acceptable Solution A21.1 relating to Boundary Realignment in this Code.

Elements of the Code

Area and Dimensions of Lots

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA		ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS	
P1	Lots are of sufficient area and dimensions to meet the requirements of the users and accommodate the form of development likely to be constructed in the respective Planning Areas, together with the open space, Landscaping, Access and car parking associated with the particular form of development.	A1.1	Lots comply with the area and dimensions identified for lots in the respective Planning Areas in Table 1.
	likely to be constructed in the respective Planning Areas, together with the open space, Landscaping, Access and car parking associated with the particular form		Planning Areas in Table 1.

 $Table \ 1-Minimum \ Area \ and \ Dimensions \ of \ Lots \ for \ each \ Planning \ Area$

Planning Area	Minimum Area	Minimum Dimensions
Rural	• 40 hectares	To accommodate square with
EXCEPT FOR		minimum side of 500 metres
 World Heritage Areas and Environs Locality; and Settlement Areas North of the Daintree River Locality. 	As existing with no further reconfiguration	
Rural Settlement		
Within Settlement Areas North of the Daintree River Locality and at Rocky Point.	As existing with no further reconfiguration	
In other Localities and areas	• 0.4 hectares	To accommodate square with minimum side of 50 metres
Residential 1		
Within sewered areas	• 800 m ²	To accommodate square with minimum side of 20 metres
Within unsewered areas	• 1000 m ²	To accommodate square with minimum side of
Within Special Management Area 1 – Flagstaff Hill	• 1500 m ²	To accommodate square
Located at Rocky Point	• 3500 m ²	with minimum side of 30 metres
		To accommodate square with a minimum side of 50 metres
Residential 2	1000 m ²	To accommodate square with minimum side of 25 metres
Tourist and Residential	1000 m ²	To accommodate square with minimum side of 25 metres
Commercial	800 m ²	To accommodate square with minimum side of 20 metres
Industrial	1000 m ²	To accommodate square with minimum side of 25 metres
Community and Recreational Facilities	Not specified	Not specified

Conservation	Not specified	Not specified
 Settlement Areas North of the Daintree River Locality; and World Heritage Areas and Environs Locality 	As existing with no further reconfiguration	
Port Douglas Waterfront North	Not specified – Must be able to accommodate development in accordance with Figure 1 of the Port Douglas Waterfront North Planning Area Code.	Not specified – Must be able to accommodate development in accordance with Figure 1 of the Port Douglas Waterfront North Planning Area Code.
Port Douglas Waterfront South	As existing with no further reconfiguration	As existing with no further reconfiguration

Rural Planning Area

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS	
P2 Lots are of an appropriate size and configuration to sustain the utility and productive capacity of the land for rural	A2.1 Lot boundaries relate to natural features such as ridges or other catchment boundaries, drainage lines or flood flows,	
purposes, and to reduce potential for impacts on the natural environment by	or remnant stands of vegetation.	
facilitating opportunities for the implementation of improved land management practices and through provision of safe and adequate water	A2.2 Lots comply with the area and dimensions identified for Lots in the Rural Planning Area in Table 1, above.	
supply and sewage disposal.	A2.3 Designated Development Areas are identified on any lots exceeding a maximum slope of 15% and are registered on title.	

Rural Settlement Planning Area

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA P3 Rural Settlement lots are located and designed such that they: • have a sustainable level of improvement of the sustainable level of the sustaina

- have a sustainable level of impact on the natural environment, having regard to water supply and water quality, effluent disposal, potential erosion and natural habitat;
- retain significant landscape features, views and vegetation cover;
- provide for a high level of residential and scenic amenity, Access to services and facilities, and safety from risk of natural hazards such as bushfire; and
- do not impact on the safety and efficiency of the Shire's Road network.

ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS

- A3.1 The location and layout of new lots does not fragment GQAL or areas of ecological or scenic value and provides for buffers that adequately protect such areas from fringe deterioration and other impacts and maximises connectivity between such areas.
- A3.2 Designated Development Areas are identified on any lots exceeding a maximum slope of 15% and are registered on title.
- A3.3 The location and layout of lots minimises the extent of cut and fill for Building area or Road construction.
- A3.4 The location and layout of lots allows for the buffering of riparian vegetation and waterways.
- A3.5 Lots are buffered from any potentially incompatible land use.
- A3.6 The location and layout of new lots minimises risk from bushfire through the following measures:
 - the Road layout provides for through Roads and avoids cul-desacs and "dead end" Roads;
 - Designated Development Areas are sited in cleared areas, away from the tops of ridges, and not on north to west facing vegetated slopes; and
 - the use of firebreaks.
- A3.7 Lots are not located in an area affected by noise from a State-Controlled Road.

Residential 1 Planning Area

PERF	ORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
PERF P4	The layout for a residential reconfiguration greater than 10 lots, gives the neighbourhood a positive identity by: • protecting natural features, areas of environmental value and Watercourses; • incorporating Site characteristics, views and landmarks; • providing a legible, connected and safe street, bicycle and pedestrian network that links to existing external networks; • providing community or necessary facilities at convenient focal points; • orientating the street and lots to ensure the siting and design of residential development maximises energy efficiency;	No Acceptable Solution. (Information that the Council may request to demonstrate compliance with the Performance Criteria is outlined in Planning Scheme Policy No 10 – Reports and Information the Council May Request, for code and impact assessable development).
P5	Multi-Unit Housing is limited to a small proportion of the total number of lots in a new residential area and is dispersed to ensure conventional residential detached Houses dominate the streetscape.	A5.1 In new residential areas, not more than 15% of the total number of new lots are nominated on an approved Plan of Reconfiguration for Multi-Unit Housing, with corner lots being preferred.

Commercial/Industrial Planning Areas

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS	
P6 The reconfiguration layout of an industrial/commercial area: • facilitates the efficient use of industrial or commercial land; • ensures minimum impact on the natural environment and on the amenity of adjacent uses; • provides for a variety of lot sizes and complementary uses.	A6.1 A Concept Plan for the proposed reconfiguration is prepared by a suitably qualified professional and identifies the location of: • natural features, areas of environmental value and Watercourses; • street, bicycle and pedestrian networks and linkages to adjoining areas; • a variety of lot sizes and dimensions, with the minimum areas of dimensions satisfying the requirements of Table 1, above.	

Infrastructure for Local Communities

PERF	ORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCE	EPTABLE SOLUTIONS
P7	 Provision is made for open space that: meets the recreational needs of residents and visitors to the Shire; provides a diverse range of settings; creates effective linkages with other areas of open space and natural areas; and contributes to the visual and Scenic Amenity of the Shire. 	A7.1	An area of 10% of the land to be reconfigured is provided as open space in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy No 9 – Open Space Contributions. OR A contribution is paid in lieu of an area being designated for open space in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy No 9 – Open Space Contributions OR A combination of the above, as agreed to by Council.
P8	Informal Parks and Sporting Parks are provided and sited to meet the needs of local residents in the Shire.	A8.1	Informal Parks are provided at the ratio of 2 hectares per 1000 persons with a minimum size of Informal Parks being 0.5 – 1 hectare (Local Parks) and 3 – 5 hectares (District Parks). AND Sporting Parks are provided at the ratio of 2 hectares per 1000 persons with a minimum size of Sporting Parks being 1.2 – 2 hectares (Local Parks) and 5 hectares (District Parks).

Road Network

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA		ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS	
P9	 The Road network: is integrated and consistent with the existing and proposed local Road network; 	A9.1	Roads are designed and constructed in accordance with the specifications set out in Planning Scheme Policy No 6 – FNQROC Development Manual.
	 is legible and retains existing features, views, topography and vegetation; is convenient and safe for local residents; 	A9.2	The Road network takes into consideration the natural and cultural features of the Site, existing vegetation, Watercourses and contours.
	 facilitates walking and cycling within the neighbourhood; and is compatible with the intended role of the State-Controlled Road and does not prejudice traffic safety or efficiency. 	A9.3	The Road network is designed to reduce traffic speeds and volumes on local streets in residential areas to facilitate parking and manoeuvring and to integrate with the existing and proposed pedestrian and bicycle paths network.
		A9.4	Direct Access is not provided to a State-Controlled Road where legal and practical Access from another Road is possible.
		A9.5	Where the created allotments have Frontage to more than one Road, Access to the individual allotments is from the lower order Road.
P10	The Road network for industrial/commercial reconfigurations ensures convenient movement and Access for vehicles, particularly heavy vehicles, without affecting the amenity	A10.1	Roads are designed and constructed in accordance with the specifications set out in Planning Scheme Policy No 6 – FNQROC Development Manual.
	of residential neighbourhoods.	A10.2	Industrial/commercial traffic is able to Access a major Road without intruding into a residential neighbourhood.

Pedestrian and Bicycle Network

PERF	ORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS	
P11	Networks of pedestrian and bicycle paths are provided in safe and convenient locations.	A11.1 Safe and convenient walking and cycling networks are provided to link residential areas to schools, community facilities, parks and public transport, Tourist Attractions, commercial and industrial areas.	
		A11.2 The pedestrian and bicycle path network constructed in accordance with the specifications set out in Planning Scheme Policy No 6 – FNQROC Development Manual.	
		A11.3 Lighting for bicycle paths is provided in accordance with the relevant Australian Standards.	

Stormwater Drainage

PERF	ORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
P12	Stormwater runoff is contained and managed so that it does not adversely affect: • natural Watercourses; • surface or underground water quality; or • the built environment either upstream or downstream of the Site.	A12.1 Stormwater drainage is designed and constructed in accordance with the specifications set out in Planning Scheme Policy No 6 – FNQROC Development Manual.

Water Supply

PERF	ORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS	
P13	An adequate, safe and reliable supply of potable water is provided.	A13.1 Where in a water supply area, each new lot is connected to Council's reticulated water supply system.	
		AND	
		The extension of and connection to the reticulated water supply system is designed and constructed in accordance with the specifications set out in Planning Scheme Policy No 6 – FNQROC Development Manual.	
		A13.2 A contribution is paid in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy No 11 – Water Supply and Sewerage Headworks and Works External Contributions.	

Treatment and Supply of Effluent

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS		
PERFORMANCE CRITERIA Provision is made for the treatment and disposal of effluent to ensure that there are no adverse impacts on water quality and no adverse ecological impacts as a result of the system or as a result of increasing the cumulative effect of systems in the locality.	A14.1 Each new lot is connected to Council's sewerage system. AND The extension of and connection to the sewerage system is designed and constructed in accordance with the specifications set out in Planning Scheme Policy No 6 – FNQROC Development Manual. OR Where the Site is not in a sewerage scheme area, the proposed disposal system meets the requirements of relevant Sections of the Environmental Protection Policy (Water) 1997. AND The proposed on Site effluent disposal system is located on and contained within the lot in accordance with the Standard Sewage Law. A14.2 A contribution is paid in accordance with		
	Planning Scheme Policy No 11 – Water Supply and Sewerage Headworks and Works External Contributions.		

Residential Development – Standard Format Plan with Common Property

PERF	ORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS	
P15	Lots have an appropriate area and dimension to protect residential amenity.	A15.1 The lot configuration under a Standard Format Plan with Common Property satisfies the minimum area and Frontage provisions of the Residential 1 Planning Area Code, as set out in Table 1, above.	
P16	The Setback of Residential Uses from the Access driveways makes efficient use of the Site and provides for the amenity and privacy of residents.	A16.1 A minimum separation distance of 15 metres is provided between Residential Uses with Frontage to the Access driveway.	
P17	Internal Access driveways are designed to provide acceptable levels of safety, amenity and convenience for users, in addition to providing for visitor car parking.	A17.1 Access driveways serving more than 3 lots and a maximum of 20 lots are a minimum of 4 metres in width and provide designated areas for visitor parking at the rate of 1 car space for every 3 Houses/or other Residential Uses.	

P18	Communal/public open space is provided to service the residents of the development and to contribute to the available public open space in the local community.	A18.1	The proportion of public open space and communal open space provided by the development is dependant upon the characteristics of the individual development and its proximity to nearby public open space, existing or planned. A split of 6% public open space and 4% communal open space is preferred, but will be determined on a Site/development specific basis.
P19	Boundary fencing does not have a significant impact on the visual amenity of the local area.	A19.1	The side and rear boundary fence is a maximum of 1.8 metres in Height and incorporates decorative panels which incorporate railings, pickets and/or vegetation screening to reduce the bulk and scale of the fence or wall.
P20	The installation of Fire Hydrants ensures that they are easy to locate and use in times of emergency and are of a standard consistent with service needs.	A20.1	Fire Hydrant installation for the development is provided in accordance with the requirements of the relevant Australian Standard.

Boundary Realignment

PERF	ORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
P21	The realignment of a boundary or	A21.1 No additional lots are created.
	boundaries does not create additional	
	allotments and achieves an improvement	AND
	on the existing situation.	The area and configuration of the proposed lots are consistent with the historical pattern of reconfiguration in the local area.
		AND
		An improvement on the existing situation is achieved by:
		the provision of Access to a lot which previously had no Access;
		OR
	the proposed lots being better suite to the existing or proposed use of the lots, whether or not the provisions relating to minimum are and dimensions are met;	
	OR	
		the Frontage to depth ratio of the proposed lots being greater than th Frontage to depth ratio of the existing lots.

Energy Efficiency

PERFORM	MANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
and rene orie	e road and lot layout facilitates the siting design of buildings to conserve non- ewable energy sources and assists in entation and design appropriate for the al tropical conditions.	No Acceptable Solutions provided
	e road and lot layout minimises fossil l use by: reducing the need for and length of local vehicle trips, maximising public transport effectiveness, encouraging walking and cycling, and provision of appropriate street landscaping	No Acceptable Solutions provided

5.1 Land Use Definitions

A list of Land Use Definitions is outlined below in alphabetical order, followed by the detailed Land Use Definitions in the same order.

5.1.1 List of Land Use Definitions

Aircraft Landing Facility - Commercial

Aquaculture

Business Facilities

Camping Ground

Caravan Park

Caretaker's Residence

Car Park

Cemetery and Crematorium

Child Care Centre

Display Facilities

Educational Establishment

Extractive Industry

Health Facility

Holiday Accommodation

Home Activity

Home Based Business – (includes Bed & Breakfast Accommodation, Forest

Stay Accommodation and Host Farm

Accommodation).

Home Industry

House

Indoor Sports and Entertainment

Industry – (includes Industry Class A and Industry Class B).

Intensive Animal Husbandry

Interpretive Facility

Marina

Multi-Unit Housing

Off Premises Advertising Device

Outdoor Sport and Recreation

Outstation/Seasonal Camp

Park and Open Space

Place of Assembly

Primary Industry

Private Forestry

Public Utilities and Facilities

Restaurant

Retirement Facility

Service Industry

Service Station

Shopping Facility

Short Term Accommodation

Special Residential Use

Staff Quarters

Tavern

Telecommunication Facilities Tourist Attraction Veterinary Facilities.

5.1.2 Detailed Land Use Definitions

n.b.. new definition shown only

Marina

Means premises used to moor or store marine vessels (including power driven, yachts and fishing vessels) on, or adjacent to the water.

The use may include ancillary facilities for the refuelling, servicing, repair, land storage and sale of marine craft and for the sale of related boating gear and equipment.

The use includes:

- <u>slipway;</u>
- marine infrastructure;
- offices and storerooms;
- laundry, toilet and shower facilities;
- general store not exceeding 250m²
- marine retail, including dive stores;
- marine related tourism activities;
- ancillary marina facilities used in connect with the marina;
- sale of freshly caught seafood produce from marine vessels (specifically the vessel the seafood was caught from).

5.3 Administrative Definitions

A list of the Administrative Definitions is outlined below in alphabetical order, followed by the detailed Administrative Definitions in the same order.

5.3.1 List of Administrative Definitions

AAA Water Conservation Rating

Access

AGA Energy Rating Label

Basement

Bed Space

Biodiversity

Building

Clearing

Council

Deep Planting

Defined Storm Tide Event (DTSE)

Dense Planting

Designated Development Area

Dwelling Unit

Erect

Expanded House

Frontage

Gross Floor Area

Ground Level

Habitable Room

Height

High Bank

Household

Landscaping

Low NO_x

Main Street Frontage

Marine-based Industry

Minor Building Work

Net Lettable Area

Non-residential building

Other Areas

Outbuilding

Plot Ratio

Port Douglas Waterfront

Private Room

R-value

Recreation Area

Register

Remnant Vegetation

Renewable Energy Certificate

Residential building

Residential Uses

Road

Scenic Amenity

Self Contained

Semi-Basement

Setback

Site

Site Coverage

State-Controlled Road

Storey

Storm Tide

Storm Tide Inundation Area

Urban Areas

Watercourse

5.3.2 Detailed Administrative Definitions

n.b.. new definition shown only

Marine-based Industry

Means waterfront or land based marine industry activities and facilities, which may include the following:

- maintenance, repair and refurbishing or vessels or marine equipment / machinery;
- the provision of marine industry professional services, eg naval architects, marine engineers and surveyors, including associated office accommodation;
- wet and dry vessel storage facilities;
- <u>fuel storage and delivery infrastructure;</u>
- the sale and display of marine plant;
- marine industry training facilities and services;
- marine-related emergency services; and
- small scale supporting commercial services and facilities.

Port Douglas Waterfront

Means the collective reserves, leases and property west of Wharf Street to Dickson Inlet, from Rex Smeal Park in the north and Port Street in the south. The Port Douglas Waterfront contains and continues to provide a mix of active and passive recreation parks, historic buildings along with community, accommodation, industry and commercial activity.

<u>Dickson Inlet continues to provide harbour for marine vessels and activities, balancing the needs of the tourist industry with the environmental qualities and coastal processes of the inlet.</u>

Storm Tide

Means the effect on coastal water of a storm surge combined with the normally occurring astronomical tide.

Defined Storm Tide Event (DTSE)

Means the event (measured in terms of likelihood of reoccurrence) and associated inundation level adopted to manage the development of a particular area. The defined storm tide event is the 1% Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP) storm tide – equivalent to 1/100 yr Average Recurrence Interval (ARI) unless otherwise indicated for essential community service infrastructure. The DTSE must also account for sea level rise and the planning period for development of a particular area.

Storm Tide Inundation Area

Means the area of land determined to be inundated by a storm tide as outlined below.

Factors for determining storm tide inundation areas

Where coastal hazard risk assessments are carried out for the purposes of determining the area at risk from inundation due to sea level rise or storm tide inundation, they are to be undertaken using the relevant methodologies for determining storm tide inundation areas outlined within the Queensland Coastal Plan. The minimum assessment factors to be applied in such assessments are outlined in Table 1 below.

Table 1: Minimum assessment factors for determining storm tide inundation areas

- Planning period equivalent to expected asset life to the development as outlined in Table 2;
- Projected sea level rise of amount outlined in Table 3, based on asset life;
- Adoption of the 1 in 100 year average recurrence interval extreme storm event/ or water level; and
- Increase in cyclone intensity by 10% (relative to maximum potential intensity) due to climate change.

Table 2: Planning Period

Type of Development	Planning period
	(based on anticipated asset life)
Short term tourist accommodation	40 years
Residential development (less than 7 units)	50 years
Residential development (7 or more units)	60 years
Industrial building	40 years
Commercial building (single storey)	40 years
Commercial building (greater than single storey)	60 years

Table 3: Projected sea level rise for the year of the end of asset life as per Table 2

Year of end of planning period	Projected sea level rise
<u>Year 2050</u>	0.3 metres
<u>Year 2060</u>	<u>0.4 metres</u>
<u>Year 2070</u>	<u>0.5 metres</u>
<u>Year 2080</u>	<u>0.6 metresw</u>
<u>Year 2090</u>	<u>0.7 metres</u>
<u>Year 2100</u>	<u>0.8 metres</u>

Determining storm tide inundation areas

The storm tide inundation area is the area of coast inundated by the Defined Storm Tide Event (DSTE), which is the storm tide level adopted for the development utilising the minimum assessment factors outlined in tables 1, 2 and 3 above.

The storm tide inundation area is taken to be all land between high water mark and a minimum default DSTE level of 1.5 metres above the level of Highest Astronomical Tide (HAT) for development.

<u>Collectively, the Storm Tide Inundation Area can be expressed through the following formula:</u>

Storm Tide Inundation Area = $(Highest\ Astronomical\ Tide\ (in\ metres\ AHD) + 1.5m + 0.1m\ x\ asset\ life)$

A Registered Professional Engineer Queensland, with expertise in physical coastal processes may determine the storm tide inundation area relevant to a proposed development by undertaking a storm tide inundation assessment consistent with methodology outlined by the Queensland Coastal Plan.